

ESTABLISHED 1861

ARMY REGULARS  
ARRIVE ON SCENE

TO INTERFERE WITH

ASTOR-HUNTINGTON  
WEDDING AT HOME

RESCUERS REACH  
BOTTOM OF MINE

Second Squadron of the Fifth Cavalry is at Trinidad, Colo., Now.

STATEMENT IS ISSUED

By the Commander Who Will Not Enforce Strict Military Law at Present.

TRINIDAD, Colo., April 30.—The second squadron of the Fifth United States Cavalry from Fort Leavenworth, 300 men, in command of Major Holbrook, reached here this morning. The troop train consisting of sixteen cars including coaches, stock cars and equipment cars entered the city in a drenching rain.

The troops were greeted at the station by Acting Major Kahn, directors of the Chamber of Commerce and committees of business men. The troops remained in the coaches while Major Holbrook talked with the committee relative to a location to establish a permanent camp in the strike district. Major Holbrook issued the following statement:

"The president has sent us here to carry out the provisions of his proclamation. It is not the purpose of the United States to inject itself into the controversy now existing between the miners and their former employers in this state. The president and those acting under him declare that the return of normal conditions be brought about without further bloodshed and in order that this may be accomplished we ask all law-abiding citizens to carefully read the proclamation and comply with it."

Major Holbrook said that strict martial law would not be at once enforced.

MARTINE IS TO FRONT

WITH HIS LOUD TALK.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Urging it was high time for the Senate to take steps to stop the "monstrous" proposition of Colorado mine owners arming thugs to shoot men, women and children like dogs in a kennel, Senator Martine, of New Jersey, today addressed the Senate in favor of immediate action on his bill to make it a criminal offense to employ armed guards.

Senator Martine introduced the bill after the investigation into the recent West Virginia coal strike at Paint and Cabin Creeks. He said today to the Senate that "armed brutes" employed as mine guards were responsible for the setting aside of constitutional government in West Virginia, and even worse consequences in Colorado. Senator Chilton took exception to Senator Martine's statements, saying "West Virginia never had been in a state of lawlessness nor in such deplorable conditions as recently charged by Senator Martine."

Senator Martine was reminded that federal troops have been ordered to Colorado by President Wilson. "I understand that is true," said he, "but it was tardy—it was tardy to the point of sluggishness."

REFUGEES

Arrive from Mexico City and Are Released from Quarantine in Drenching Rain.

GALVESTON, April 30.—Galveston welcomed the 470 refugees released today from quarantine. The battleship Connecticut, which brought them here last Sunday from Vera Cruz and Tampico.

A heavy rain fell during the day and the refugees huddled together on the open docks of the transport boats and were drenched.

Dry clothing was brought here and preparations were made by most of the refugees to depart for their homes on the first train.

ASSAULT

And Battery Charges are Preferred Against Three Colored Persons.

Lena Hill and Edward Allen, colored residents of Monticello avenue, were arrested Thursday afternoon by Robert McHenry, a white man, for assaulting a white woman. The woman was later before Magistrate W. E. Starcher on a charge of assaulting and beating James Hill Wednesday night. James Hill was also arrested on a like charge preferred by Lena, who is his wife.

TO RETURN TO POSTS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—One of the hopeful signs in the Mexican situation were the reports today by the state department to certain consuls in Mexican cities. "The instructions authorized this consuls to return to their posts and resume their official duties." In their personal discretion.

SIX LIVES LOST.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 30.—Despatches from Oswego, N. Y., today report the loss of six lives in the wrecking of three schooners and one tug in a storm on Lake Ontario.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PIE SOCIAL.

Prof. Frank Cutright's Sunday school class of the Methodist Protestant church will give a pie social at 7:30 o'clock Tuesday evening in the church parlors. All ladies are requested to go and take a pie. All men are invited to attend.

OIL PRODUCERS  
NOW ORGANIZED

BULLETIN

Is Issued by the Traffic Department of the Clarksburg Board of Trade.

The traffic bureau of the Clarksburg Board of Trade has just issued the following bulletin:

The uniform bill of lading is filed by the carriers in official classification territory, with the Interstate Commerce Commission, as a part of the classification, present issue of which, effective July 1, 1913, and filed is I. C. C.—C.—40, and Section 3 of the conditions of the uniform bill of lading found on page 24, carries the following clause:

"Claims for loss, damage or delay must be made in writing to the carrier at the point of delivery or at the point of origin within four months after delivery of the property, or in case of failure to make delivery, then within four months after a reasonable time for delivery has elapsed. Unless claims are so made, the carrier shall not be liable."

Carriers generally have heretofore been quite tolerant with this rule, but the commission through a letter from Commissioner Marble to the general solicitor of the Chicago and Alton railroad, states that no discretion is given to the commission by which it may excuse carriers for failure to comply with their published tariffs, and that the commission does not feel any more free to suggest a departure from the tariffs in the matter of four months limitation than in the case of other tariff provisions.

Under the rulings of the commission, therefore, it is probable that carriers will insist on strict compliance with the provisions of the tariff, and it was thought advisable to give some publicity to this provision for the information of our shippers and possibly avoid future losses.

GETS ROAD SENTENCE.

For being drunk around the court house, a young man giving the name of William Murphy was sentenced Thursday morning in Magistrate T. G. Nicewarner's court to serve five days on the county roads. The sentence was imposed in default of the payment of a fine of \$1 and costs. C. W. Thomas, colored janitor of the court house, prosecuted the case.

SENTENCED TO ROAD WORK

In default of paying a fine of \$5 and costs Thursday in Magistrate T. G. Nicewarner's court, for unlawful trespassing upon property of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at the local station, James Armstrong was sentenced to work nine days on the county roads. He was arrested and prosecuted by J. A. Campbell, captain of the Baltimore and Ohio police.

VERA CRUZ BACK TO  
CIVIL GOVERNMENT

Under the Laws of Mexico Administered by American Officials There.

VERA CRUZ, April 29.—Vera Cruz went back to civil government today under the laws of Mexico administered by American officials. The civil government, however, remains subordinate to martial law while the work of restoring the municipal organization went forward.

General Funston's brigade trooped off the transports and marched to the sand hill barracks and other quarters to relieve Rear Admiral Fletcher's bluejackets who went back to the men of war.

Funston established his headquarters in the barracks deserted by General Maas and Fletcher withdrew his staff. The marine corps was distributed to work with the army.

COMMENCEMENT

Exercises Will Be Held at the Industrial School House Friday Evening.

Commencement at Clark district will be held at the industrial school buildings at 8 p. m. May 1. Prof. L. L. Friend, of Charleston, will deliver an address. Prof. Friend is well known in educational circles of West Virginia being one of the instructors at the university summer term, and state supervisor of high schools. Prof. Friend is a man of ability and his lecture will be very enjoyable and instructive.

The district can be congratulated on securing such an able man, and an evening of rare pleasure will be afforded to all who hear him.

This will be the largest graduating class that Clark district has ever had. The following schools will be represented: Industrial, New Fair Grounds, Sand Hill, Davidson run and Center Branch. Everybody is cordially invited. Admission will be free.

Notwithstanding the Fact That South American Envoys Make Appeal to Them.

ARE WILLING TO HELP

However, and Were Ready before the Act of Mediation Was Really Begun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—It was asserted here today on unquestionable authority that the South American envoys, who are seeking to avert crisis in Mexico, have appealed to European governments for friendly offices to facilitate mediation between Mexico and the United States. The appeal, it was stated, did not include request as reported from abroad that the powers use their influence upon President Wilson to name conditions which would insure success of the negotiations.

The request of the powers, it is declared, already has borne fruit as the diplomatic representatives of European nations have consulted with Secretary of State Bryan with relation to the negotiations.

Denials of previous reports from abroad with regard to this matter, it was pointed out, were based on the report that the powers had been asked to insist upon a modification of the attitude of the United States.

Officials here, who are in touch with the negotiations, insist that such action was not even considered and that the friendly offices of some of the European governments had been extended to facilitate this purpose.

There was no desire, it is said, on the part of these governments to interfere with the policy of President Wilson.

The mediation envoys renewed their conference today after the British ambassador had conferred with Robert Lansing, counselor of the state department.

When the mediation envoys adjourned their conference for luncheon it was declared that they were awaiting word direct from General Carranza as to whether he would agree to the armistice. Some of the representatives of Constitutionalists here, it was known, did not favor an armistice, but the envoys as shown in an original note to Carranza, are dealing directly with the Constitutional chief and not through representatives here.

SEVENTY

Is the Number of Americans Killed and Wounded in Occupation of Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—The latest report received by the navy department of the number of American casualties at the occupation of Vera Cruz is as follows:

Killed—Eleven sailors, two marines, one service, unidentified; total 16.

Wounded—Two naval officers, fifty-one sailors, fourteen marines, three service, unidentified; total 70.

MOVES TO CITY.

F. E. Robinson has moved here from Wallace, locating at 115 Linden avenue in the property recently bought from J. J. Gusman, through the Robinson & Dennison Company. Mr. Robinson is connected with the Garrett Plumbing, Heating and Construction Company which recently opened up a business in the Strother building on Clark street in Glen Elk. He had been a resident of Wallace for a number of years and served as postmaster there for ten or twelve years.

SPECIAL CONCLAVE.

A special conclave of Clarksburg Commandery No. 13 Knights Templar will be held at 7 o'clock this evening in the Masonic temple. Orders of knighthood will be conferred and business transacted with the closing of the Templar year will be transacted.

BOMBARDMENT DOES NOT OCCUR AT ALL

Instead the Place is Burned as the Work of Incendiaries at That Point.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The report from Mexico City that the port of Manzanillo on the Pacific coast had been bombed by an American warship was denied at the White House today. Investigation disclosed that a conflagration said to have been of incendiary origin had occurred there but American forces had nothing to do with it.

The White House communicated with Secretary of the Navy Daniels early in the day with relation to the Manzanillo report and also the despatches that American marines had landed at Salina Cruz. Admiral Howard, commander of the American naval forces on the Pacific coast, replying to inquiries from the secretary of the navy, told of the conflagration at Manzanillo and also denied that American marines had landed at Salina Cruz.

ASTOR-HUNTINGTON  
WEDDING AT HOME

Of the Bride's Parents Instead of in Church Owing to the Bridegroom's Illness.

STAATSBURG, N. Y., April 30.—William Vincent Astor son of the late John Jacob Astor, and Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington, whom he has known since childhood, were married here shortly after noon today in the big oak-paneled library of Hopeland house, home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Huntington. Less than fifty persons witnessed the ceremony and of these, three were the superintendents from the Astor, the Huntington and the Dinsmore estates. The other guests were relatives and close friends of the families.

Plans had been made for an elaborate church wedding but Mr. Astor's recent illness, which threatened pneumonia, made necessary the abandonment of these plans. Eighteen hundred wedding announcements were sent out after today's ceremony, but the small company that witnessed it had been invited by informal notes planned by Mrs. Huntington's secretary.

Miss Huntington entered the room on the arm of her father. At her throat gleamed a gorgeous necklace of pearls, the gift of the bridegroom. Her bridal gown was of white tulle with a train of white satin. Her lace veil had been worn by her grandmother. Herman Oelrichs, of New York, an old friend of Vincent Astor, was best man. Miss Alice Huntington, sister of the bride, acted as maid of honor, and the little Misses Astor and Margaret Dows were flower girls.

A screened orchestra played the Lohengrin wedding march and the Rev. Charles H. Duncan, rector of St. Margaret's church, Staatsburg, read the Episcopal marriage service. When the pair had knelt before him and had risen man and wife, the wedding party assembled in the long room adjoining the library, where a wedding breakfast was served.

The bride is the oldest child of Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, and descendant of Samuel Huntington, of Norwich, Conn., a signer of the Declaration of Independence. In 1800 this branch of the family left New England and settled in Virginia and later moved to Kentucky, where came Miss Huntington's father to make his home in Rhinecliff, N. Y. His ancestors of the Huntington side were justices of the United States supreme court. Her grandfather on her mother's side was Alvin Adams, founder of the Adams Express Company. Her maternal grandfather was the late William B. Dinsmore, whose widow was one of the wedding guests.

Miss Huntington is fond of outdoor sports and has spent most of her life in the country.

Vincent Astor will be 23 on November 16. As a child he was delicate and the outdoor life prescribed

PAULETTE HIDING IN A MINE SHAFT

Closely Guarded by Sheriff's Posse and Search Being Made in Mine for Him.

After another all night search Sheriff Ross F. Stout and his posse are as much in the dark as ever concerning the whereabouts of Frank Pauletta, escaped murderer, who was seen at the tin plate mills Tuesday afternoon, at Grafton and Simpson Tuesday night and who it was discovered Wednesday afternoon was in hiding in an air shaft of the Moore mines east of the city.

The sheriff was informed yesterday afternoon that Pauletta was in hiding in the mines and he at once sent a number of men to the scene to keep a close watch on the opening to see that no one entered or left the mines by that way. The other entrances of the mines were also guarded so that Pauletta could not escape. After several hours' diligent watching, the guards were surprised to see three men approaching the entrance of the mines with a bucket and a package. When the guard ordered the men to halt they refused and it was only when several shots had been fired at them that they stopped running and were placed under arrest. When searched it was found that the package contained a loaf of bread and the bucket was filled with food. The men would not say who or what they had the supplies for.

About an hour later two more Italians were seen approaching the entrance but as only one guard was there at the time he was unable to capture them. The men arrested are friends of Pauletta.

Sheriff Stout found another entrance to the mines this morning that was not guarded last night, and from indications it appears that several men had entered and left the mines through this opening. It is not a regular opening of the mines, but a place being only a small one.

At daylight this morning the night shift left the entrances of the mines and another force took charge during the day. A systematic search of the mine is being made this afternoon and if Pauletta did not escape through the hole made by the cave-in last night he will probably be caught today.

When They Find the Toll of Death from an Explosion Very Heavy.

BODIES PILED IN MASS

Crowds Make Rush for the Tip-ples But Deputy Sheriffs Hold Them Back.

ECOLLES, W. Va., April 30.—After more than thirty hours of exhausting toil, Chief Henry and a party of West Virginia mine inspectors this morning reached the bottom of the No. 5, of the New River Collieries Company, where 172 miners have been entombed since late Tuesday. They found little gas and no fire and were hoisted to the top to tell the waiting thousands on the mountain-side that the secrets of the death chamber would soon be known.

J. W. Paul, chief engineer of the Pittsburg station of the Bureau of Mines, quickly organized a party from his train force and a few minutes later they were at the bottom. There the flickering light of their safety lamps told them that the toll of death had been heavy. Only a short distance six bodies were piled in a mass and so badly burned that identification was impossible.

A courier was sent to the surface to prepare the crowds for the news and the exploration of the mine was continued. Fans were started and pumps set going to free the entries and room from gases and water and it was expected that the exploration would be completed by this afternoon and the extent of the catastrophe ascertained.

The crowds made a rush for the tipples when the word was flashed to the waiting thousands that bodies had been discovered but they were held back by sixty deputy sheriffs sworn in from their own numbers to keep the situation under control.

Almost immediately afterward the bodies found near the bottom were brought to the surface and the guards were compelled firmly but gently to check another rush. The bodies were taken to a temporary morgue. All the mine experts here expressed the belief that some of the men may be alive.

Instructions by the Bureau of Mines has taught them how to barricade rooms near air shafts and thus escape the terrible after effect of explosions—large incipient of this was told this morning. A. P. Burdick, fire boss in No. 6, when he heard the noise of the explosion in No. 5, quickly assembled thirty-seven of his men and led them in building a barricade of doors and posts at the mouth of one of the rooms. The flames from the second explosion had passed the men to the bottom of the shaft and safety.

JACKSON DAY

Tomorrow Will Be and Collections for Monument Funds Are to Be Taken.

The first day of May has been appointed "Jackson Day" on which occasion a collection will be taken for Stonewall Jackson Equestrian Statue to be erected in Richmond. It has been set aside by the Confederate Veterans and United Daughters of the Confederacy and they are requesting that the people of the state contribute to this purpose throughout the country. The state of Virginia has given \$10,000 while other liberal sums have been contributed. It is desired to have this monument compare favorably with that of General Lee at Richmond.

MEXICANS FIGHT

One Another as Usual Although News of Mediation is Well Received by Some.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Federalists and Constitutionals are fighting at Mazatlan and Vera Cruz, according to a dispatch received here from Admiral Howard, commander of the Pacific fleet. Admiral Howard reported further that the news of mediation "through A. B. C." is favorably received by the better class of citizens at Mazatlan. Mr. Howard, through the lines to the "Constitutionalists."

NOT A PENNY

Increase in Shipping Rates Can Be Stood by Coal, Coke and Various Other Shippers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—The reasonableness of any advance in the freight rate on low grade commodities, including coal, oil, iron ore, sand and gravel was impressed on the Interstate Commerce Commission today by W. H. Ellis, who submitted an argument on behalf of coal and coke shippers in the advance rates case. Mr. Ellis maintained that none of the commodities named could stand a penny of rate increase and asked that they be eliminated from the proposed advance and given consideration in a separate proceeding.

DART TO SPEAK.

John S. Daret, of Charleston, state auditor, will address the Brotherhood in the First Methodist Episcopal church here at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. His subject will be "What is my Duty as a Christian in the World's History." There will be special music.